

neOCampus DATA: user-guide

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Modifications table

Date	Note
may.20	Initial release

Abstract

This guide will explain to you the various ways to gain access to the neOC ampus DATA asset.



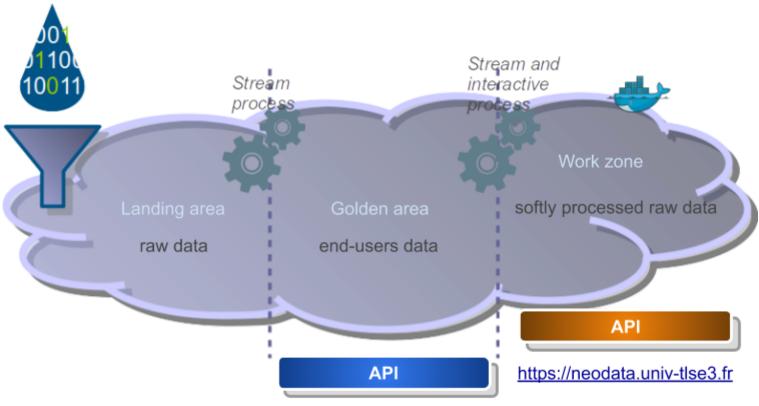
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Overview

It's been a long time since neOCampus started to collect data from our sensors and actuators spread over our campus. The very first data was retrieved from U4 building, room 302 in 2017, june! It was our first attempt to collect these data in our mongoDB database.

Quite recently, we setup a new data storage architecture based on the **data lake** approach: the storage of our data is splitted across 3 zones as shown in fig.1:



https://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/grafana

Fig. 1 - the neOCampus 'data lake' like.

Here is a short description of these 3 zones from our data lake:

Zone	Description		
landing area	raw data coming from sensors; we just add a timestamp.		
work zone	some soft processing has been applied to raw data producing 'more understandable' data (mostly data have been set with tags describing their location)		
golden area	the real 'end-user' area with fully processed data showing a per location (i.e site, building, room) view featuring weekly, monthly and yearly synthesized data.		

neOCampus data lake | first release

More than one year ago, we were facing issues accessing data from our mongoDB database: while the data was time indexed, it used to take, sometime, up to ten minutes to retrieve data for a specific room or building ... those days are gone :)

While talking with some of our colleagues and our internship applicant¹ a few months ago (feb.20), the idea of a multi-database storage area with stream processing in-between started to emerge. We tried to take into account the fact that different kinds of people will express different kinds of access to these data. Our end-users (university services, building managers etc) would like to have a synthetic view of these data while our PhD (kind of intermediate users) on their side would need to launch some specific processing on (almost) raw data.

While not really being a data lake as all of the storage and processing are self-contained in one server, we expressed a three tiered data storage architecture with stream processing in-between. One day, we'll probably switch to a real data lake, so it ought to be just a matter of switching from one local data source to a remote one ... at least we hope!

In the remaining part of this short overview, we'll give you some details about the different storage areas, we'll also present you the actual data sources, then next chapter will delve within the real data access procedures.

landing area

At this time of writing (may.20), we're using a **mongoDB** database as our **landing area**. These raw data (~100million entries ---may.20) are indexed according to the timestamp of the measure. Here are the ways to access these data:

- interactive GUI → <u>https://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/mongo</u>
- client library to mongoDB
 (e.g Python3 pymongo <u>https://api.mongodb.com/python/current/python3.html</u>)

We must confess that the mongo-express UI is not really relevant for legacy data (i.e before apr.20 ---see fig. 2) access purposes. One way to circumvent this issue is to allow you to undertake your data processing in an offline manner: working directly on a mongoDB dump. If you're willing to go this way, please send an email to the neOC ampus management team <u>https://neocampus.org</u>

work zone

Maybe the most interesting area for PhD and other people working on data to extract knowledge and other stuff. A few weeks ago we setup a new time series database: **InfluxDB 2.0**² This new release combines a data access API, (light) visualization tools, interactive query editor and many bindings for a broad range of client libraries. By the beginning of may, we imported all of the data available in mongoDB \Rightarrow you now have access to the broad range of data starting from 2017 :)

¹ Pr André Péninou, Pr Olivier Teste, Dr Jacques Thomazeau, M. Vincent Nam-Dang, Dr Hamdi BenHamou

² <u>https://www.influxdata.com/products/influxdb-overview/influxdb-2-0/</u>

There exists several ways to gain access to these data:

- interactive GUI → https://neodata.univ-tlse3.fr
- client library to influxDB 2.0 (e.g Python3 https://github.com/influxdata/influxdb-client-python)
 - HTTP Restful API (better is to go through a client library),
- [later] Apache Zeppelin + Spark cluster, •
- offline processing through InfluxDB dumps.



[LATER] golden area

This area will get dedicated to end-users that need a synthetic overview. You 'll have a dashboard allowing you to select your data according to your needs (e.g location, building). Then more detailed graphs about rooms for example will feature: a week view (5mn resolution), a month view (1 day resolution with min, max, mean) and a year view (month resolution with min, max, mean). It will be something pretty close to what Domoticz offers.

Here are the following ways to access these data:

- Dashboard UI → <u>https://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/grafana</u>
- client library (may be a mix of InfluxDB and mongoDB) •

Synthesis

Zone		
landing area (raw data)	before apr.20	[mongoDB] neOCampus DB: 'measure' collection 'failedData' collection
	after apr.20	[mongoDB] neocampus_datalake DB: 'sensors' collection
work zone (softly processed data)	from may.17	[influxDB] 'sensors' bucket (<i>legacy data were imported)</i> 'metrics' bucket (<i>MQTT metrics</i>)
golden area (synthesized data)		

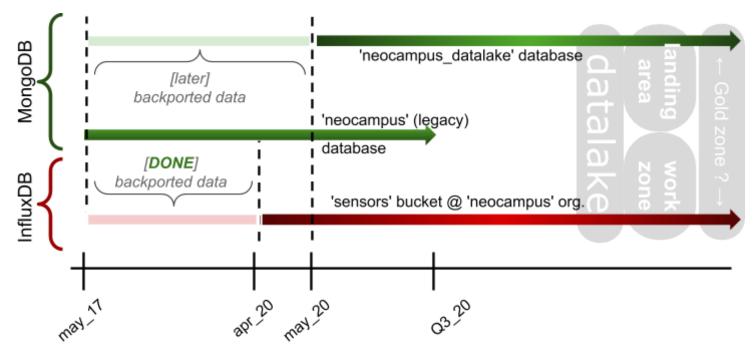


Fig. 2 - neOCampus data timeline.

As stated in fig. 2, a bit later we'll re-import all of the 'legacy' data to the neOCampus data lake 'landing area'.

neOCampus data sources

Below is a description of the various data sources brought to you.

Date	Description		
	Apiary data		
	LoRaWAN end-devices data		
	SGE data		
apr.20	UT3 / buildings BU science, IRIT2		
apr.20	Toulouse metropole weather station		
jun.17	UT3 / building U4		

Note: greyed items means that data are not yet available.

Data and API access

Of course, all thoses access require credentials, either as login / password (e.g mongoDB) or tokens (e.g influxDB). Our students may just drop me an email. Pay attention to the fact that most of these API are only reachable from UT3 networks.

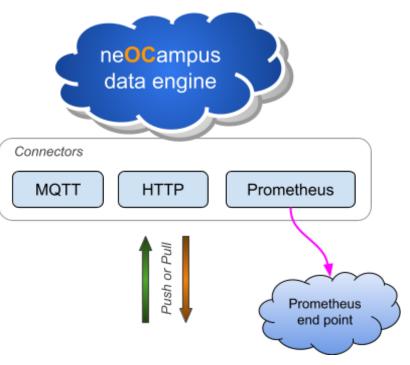
adding new data sources ?

We encourage you to propose new data sources that can be taken into account and that will benefit everyone.

We propose several connectors for both live and offline data:

- HTTP(s) in both PUSH or PULL modes,
- Prometheus protocol to collect data from end-points.

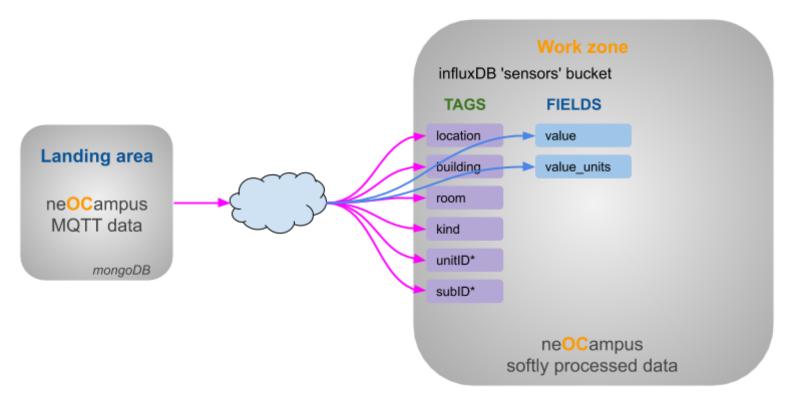
In case your app. does not behave as a prometheus end-point, we can add a prometheus gateway that will make your data easily reachable.



[work zone] DATA access

We're using influxDB to store our sensors' data. Before going on with data access, we need to specify their format.

As stated earlier, neOCampus MQTT data get stored in the **'landing area**'. These data whose format is specified in [1] get slightly processed to finally arriving in the 'work zone'



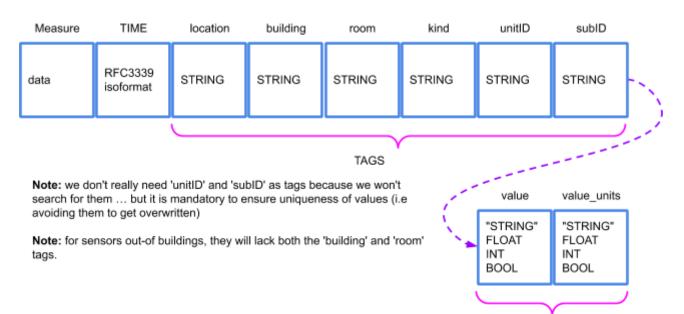
'sensors' bucket structure

Hold all of the collected data from sensors / actuators. This bucket only features one measurement:

• data

'data' measurement

TAGS	@data measures [sensors bucket]
location	e.g ut3, ensimag, carcassonne,
building	e.g u3, u4,
room	e.g 300, 301, 302,
kind	e.g temperature, wind, humidity, energy,
unitID	as in payload
subID	as in payload
FLAGS	@data measures [sensors bucket]
value	as in payload
value_unit	as in payload



Note: the various type (i.e kinds tag) are described in [1].

FIELDS

[get data] UI & CSV

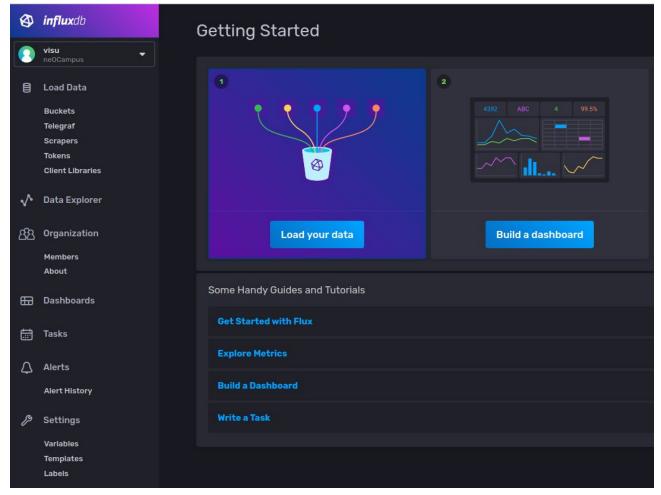
InfluxDB natively proposes an UI which allows you to both see and export data in a CSV format.



https://neodata.univ-tlse3.fr

login: visu passwd: <ask us>

... you then get connected to influxDB



On the left side panel, select 'Data explorer'

 \rightarrow It will show you several data sources (buckets).

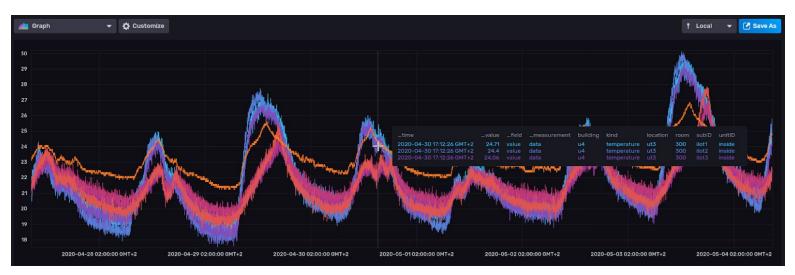
- \rightarrow select 'sensors' bucket along with 'data' measurement (the time serie itself)
 - \rightarrow you can then start to explore the various buildings, rooms, kinds, ...

Query 1 +				View Raw Data 🔳	
FROM	Filter 👻	Filter 💌 🗙	Filter 👻 🗙	Filter 👻 🗙	
Search for a bucket	_measurement 🝷 1	_field 🔻 1	building 🗾 🕇	kind 👻 🚺	
inventory	Search _ measurement tag va	Search_field tag values	Search building tag values	Search kind tag values	
sensors	🚺 data	🚺 value	bu	🔲 co2	
synthesis		value_units	🖸 u4	energy	
metrics				humidity	
<pre>#influxDB-internal_metrics</pre>				luminosity	
_tasks				temperature	
_monitoring					

you can then choose a period of time (e.g last 7d), then click 'submit'

View Raw Data 🌒	<u>↓</u> csv	II -	C	Past 7d	•	Script Editor	Submit	
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... tada !

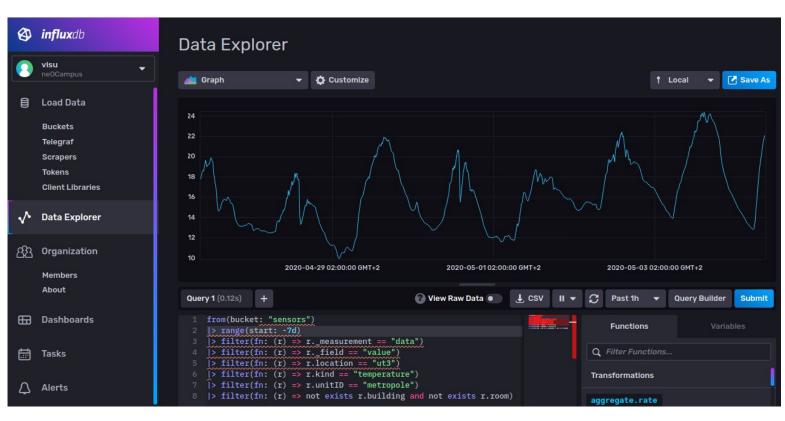


You can also choose to select 'RAW DATA' (tables) ... and export as CSV for further analysis.

how to see 'outside' sensors ?

As described in [1] along within the <u>dataCOllector</u> document, outside sensors does not feature any building nor room tags \rightarrow query editor

from(bucket: "sensors")
> range(start: -24h)
<pre> > filter(fn: (r) => rmeasurement == "data")</pre>
> filter(fn: (r) => rfield == "value")
> filter(fn: (r) => r.location == "ut3")
<pre> > filter(fn: (r) => r.kind == "temperature")</pre>
<pre> > filter(fn: (r) => r.unitID == "metropole")</pre>
<pre> > filter(fn: (r) => not exists r.building and not exists r.room)</pre>



Of course you can undertake more complex Flux queries, see languages details at <u>https://v2.docs.influxdata.com/v2.0/reference/flux/</u>

[get data] client library

Probably the simplest way to undertake your data analysis, there exists various client libraries to gain access to the influxDB database.



server: <u>neodata.univ-tlse3.fr</u> port: 9999 read token: <ask us>

Our docker container 'dataCOllector' features numerous apps written with the Python client <u>https://github.com/influxdata/influxdb-client-python</u>

pip3 install influxdb-client

[process data] Apache Zeppelin

TO BE CONTINUED

[golden area] DATA access

TO BE CONTINUED

[view data] Grafana

TO BE CONTINUED

[landing area] DATA access

TO BE CONTINUED

[get data] UI & CSV

mongoDB can be accessed through the mongo-express UI front-end.



server: https://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/mongo/

login: reader passwd: <ask us>

Viewing Database: neocampus_datalake

Collections			Collection Name	+ Create collection	
View	H Export	Impo [JSON]			面 Del
Database Stats					
Collections (incl. syste	em.namespaces)			1	
Data Size				47.21	ИВ
Storage Size				14.2	ИВ
Avg Obj Size #				183 E	lytes
Objects #				2576	55
Extents #				0	
ndexes #				1	
ndex Size				3.28	MB

[get data] client library

Probably the simplest way to undertake your data analysis, there exists various client libraries to gain access to the influxDB database.



server: <u>neodata.univ-tlse3.fr</u> port: 27012 login / passwd: <ask us>

Our docker container 'dataCOllector' features apps written with the Python client <u>https://api.mongodb.com/python/current/tutorial.html</u>

pip3 install pymongo

Annexe - A | References

[1] neOCampus end-devices API and MQTT rules

This document describes the way end-devices are managed through the sensOCampus application. It also describes the various topics you may encounter in the 'landing area'. More important, all kinds of CLASS topics (i.e temperature, pressure, wind, energy ...) are fully specified in this document.

https://neocampus.univ-tlse3.fr/_media/sensocampus_end-devices_api.pdf